

# We Have Bright Ideas in STORAGE. 2015



# Buying and Selling Self-Storage: Tips for Investors and Owners

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# Considering a Purchase or Sale?

#### **Sellers**

Learn what you can do to maximize the value of your facility.

#### **Buyers**

Learn how to find the right deals to maximize your investment opportunity.



# What We're Going to Cover

#### **Valuation**

- Basics: Income, expenses and NOI
- Profit and loss
- Capitalization rate
- Property valuation
- Cap-rate trends
- Location and market types
- Supply and demand

#### Market competition

- Rents
- Price vs. cap rates
- Treasury rates:cap rates vs. treasuries

#### Tips for sellers

- Maximizing value
- Case study

#### Tips for buyers

- Finding a deal
- Uncovering missed opportunities
- Case study

#### Case studies

- Institutional
- Class B
- Small market family-owned
- Portfolio

#### Conclusion

- National outlook
- Conclusion



# **Valuation**



# Basics: Income, Expenses, NOI

- Income: Rental revenue, late fees, admin fees, tenant insurance, etc.
- Expenses: Onsite management, insurance, taxes, advertising, utilities, repairs, etc.
- **Exclude:** Leverage, capital expenditures and non-operating expenses

Income - Expenses = Net Operating Income



#### **Profit and Loss**

Income			
Scheduled base rental Economic vacancy  Effective gross rental income Other income Truck rental income Tenant income COGS Non-operating income Effective gross income	\$600,000 (\$100,000) \$ <b>500,000</b> \$10,000 \$10,000 \$25,000 (\$25,000) \$	16.7% 83.3%	\$12.00/SF \$10.00/SF \$10.40/SF
Expenses			
Taxes Onsite management Offsite management Insurance Advertising Repairs and maintenance Reserve for capital improve. Utilities Administration Bank charges Telephone Professional fees Other Total operating expenses	\$50,000 \$50,000 \$31,200 \$15,000 \$15,000 \$15,000 \$20,000 \$15,000 \$10,000 \$5,000 \$5,000 \$5,000	46.9%	\$1.00/SF \$1.00/SF \$0.62/SF \$0.30/SF \$0.30/SF \$0.30/SF \$0.40/SF \$0.30/SF \$0.20/SF \$0.10/SF \$0.10/SF \$0.10/SF \$0.10/SF
Net Operating Income			
Effective gross income (-) Total operating expenses (=) Net operating income	\$520,000 <u>\$243,700</u> \$276,300		\$10.40/SF \$4.87/SF \$5.53/SF

#### Scheduled Base Rental

- Economic Vacancy
- = Effective Gross Rental Income
  - + Other Income Sources
  - = Effective Gross Income
  - Total Operating Expenses
    - = Net Operating Income

#### Note:

- Excludes leverage, capital expenditures and non-operating expenses.
- Values based on a 50,000 net-rentable square-foot facility, assuming a 6% offsite management fee and \$.15 per square foot allocation to reserves.



## **Capitalization Rate**

What is a capitalization rate (cap rate)?

A rate of return on a real estate investment property based on the expected income that the property will generate.

A cap rate is used to estimate the investor's potential return on his or her investment.



# **Property Valuation**

\$600,000 (Scheduled Base Rental)

- \$100,000 (Economic Vacancy)

= \$500,000 (Effective Gross Rental Income)

+ \$20,000 (Other Income Sources)

= \$520,000 (Effective Gross Income)

- \$243,700 (Total Operating Expenses)

= \$276,300 (Net Operating Income)

_	Net Operating Income Cap Rate	— = Property Value
	\$276,000	¢4 coo ooo
_	6%	— = \$4,600,000

## **Cap-Rate Trends**

	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary	Average
Class A	5-6%	5.5-6.25%	6.5-7.5%	6.1%
Class B	6-7.5%	6.5-7.5%	7.5-8.5%	6.8%
Class C	6.5-8%	7-9%	8-10%	7.8%
Average	6.3%	7.0%	7.8%	6.7%

Sources: Marcus & Millichap Research Services, CoStar Group Inc.



# **Location and Market Types**

#### Property selection

- Proximity to major highway
- Traffic counts and visibility
- Proximity to major retail areas

Demographic requirements (3-mile radius)

- Population of over 50,000
- Median household income over \$50,000

Market-type determination

Primary, secondary and tertiary

Supply and demand

 Less than 8 rentable square feet per person in the subject area (national average = 8.32)



Sources: ESRI, Hoovers, NGKF, MiniCo and U.S. Census Bureau

# **Supply and Demand**

Primary markets – often undersupplied

High barriers to entry limit new competition

Secondary and tertiary markets – often oversupplied

- Less restrictions makes access to market easier
- Increased competition reduces rental rates and occupancies
- Increased competition increases rental rate volatility

Oversupplied markets – increased risk

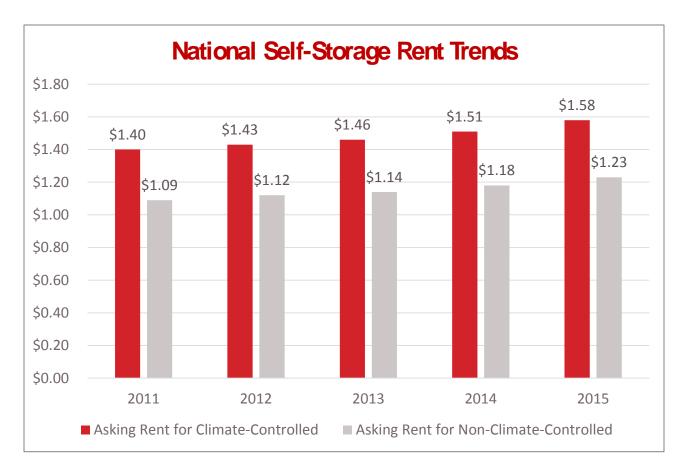
- Investors seek a risk premium and demand higher returns
- Demand for higher returns drives increased cap rates



# Market Competition



#### Rents



#### **Annual Rents By Market**

Top Five Markets \$20-30/SF

Primary Markets \$16 -20/SF

Secondary Markets \$10-15/SF

Higher Rents Mean Higher \$ Per SF

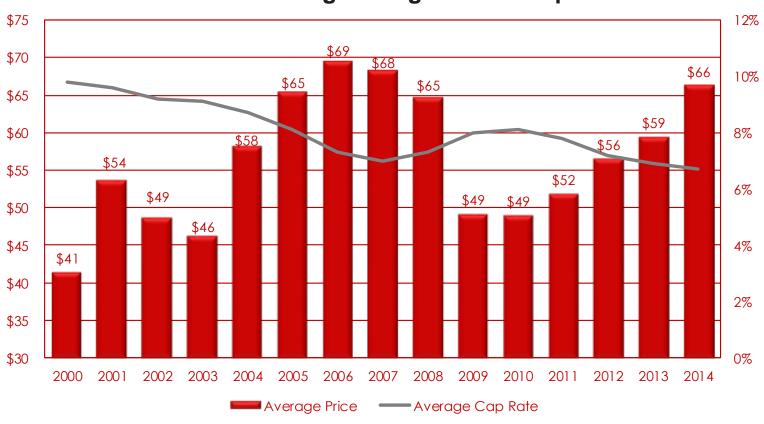
#### Notes:

Prices are per square foot. Rents are based on a 10x10 unit. INSIDE SELF-STORAGE WORLD EXPO

Sources: Marcus & Millichap Research Services, Reis Services LLC

## Price vs. Cap Rates

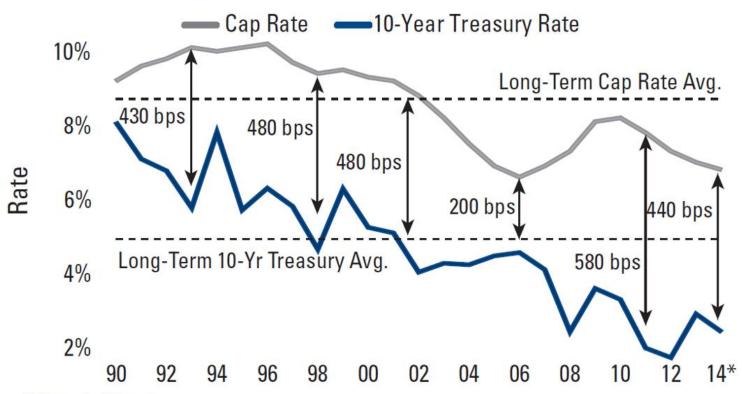
#### National Self-Storage Average Price vs. Cap Rates



Sources: Marcus & Millichap Research Services, CoStar Group, Inc.



### Treasury Rates: Cap Rates vs. Treasuries



\*Through August

Sources: Marcus & Millichap Research Services, CoStar Group, Inc., Real Capital Analytics, Federal Reserve Board



# **Tips for Sellers**



# Maximizing Value

- Income maximization: Rental growth, improved occupancies and adding other forms of revenue (e.g., box sales, truck rentals, tenant insurance)
- Bimination of deferred maintenance: Add curb appeal.
- P&Ls: Accuracy and timeliness is a must.
- Competition: Keep an ever-vigilant eye on sale and rent comparables.
- Broker selection: Find a broker with a large portfolio of buyers willing to provide a consistent marketing plan for your property.



# Case Study

Subject Property - Highlights		
Gross building SF	Unknown	
Net rentable SF	110,557	
Number of units	1,030	
Year built	1979	
Physical occupancy	57%	
Economic occupancy	37%	
Lot size	5.5 acres	
Traffic counts	140,600 per day	
Population	516,683 in 5 mi.	
Median household income	\$55,818 in 5 mi.	

Property Valuation			
Effective gross income	\$512,203		
Expenses	\$423,934		
Net operating income	\$88,269		
Cap rate	1.58%		
Sale price	\$5,600,000		
Price per SF	\$50.65		



- Initial underwriting = \$45 million (2012)
- Property sale = \$91 million (Spring 2014)
- Assisted seller with income maximization (i.e., improved operational metrics, expense reduction, increased curb appeal)
- Drove competition from qualified buyers



# Tips for Buyers



# Finding a Deal

#### Broker listings vs. off-market deals

#### Advantages of brokered listings:

- Motivated sellers
- Industry underwriting

#### Off-market deals:

- Harder to find
- Not always willing to sell or agree to terms
- Searching on LoopNet and other websites
- Unsolicited offers
- Not always highest price or best terms



# **Uncovering Missed Opportunities**

- Upside potential: Look at economic occupancy and examine expenses (i.e., room for cuts).
- Under market rents: Complete rent surveys in prospective areas.
- Poor management: Review operating statistics for underperformance.
- Market selection: Complete demographic analysis (e.g., populations, median incomes and traffic counts).

#### Proper due diligence is a must!



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- Buyer: "Bring a real number, but I can't list."
- Proposed value at \$6.6 million, but seller only needed \$5.6 million
- Projected value of \$11 million in two years



# **Case Studies**



## Institutional

Subject Property - Highlights		
Gross building SF	88,610	
Net rentable SF	71,657	
Number of units	643	
Year built	2003	
Physical occupancy	92%	
Economic occupancy	79%	
Lot size	4.56 acres	
Traffic counts	38,000 per day	
Population	140,728 in 5 mi.	
Median household income	\$62,264 in 5 mi.	

Property Valuation			
Effective gross income	\$997,406		
Expenses	\$452,112		
Net operating income	\$545,294		
Cap rate	4.78%		
Sale price	\$11,400,000		
Price per SF	\$159.09		















# Class B

Subject Property - Highlights		
Gross building SF	Unknown	
Net rentable SF	55,168	
Number of units	485	
Year built	1991 / 1996	
Physical occupancy	89%	
Economic occupancy	82%	
Lot size	4.85 acres	
Traffic counts	22,500 per day	
Population	32,816 in 5 mi.	
Median household income	\$49,036 in 5 mi.	

Property Valuation			
Effective gross income	\$401,788		
Expenses	\$204,268		
Net operating income	\$197,500		
Cap rate	6.58%		
Sale price	\$3,000,000		
Price per SF	\$54.38		







# Small Market – Family-Owned

Subject Property - Highlights		
Gross building SF	Unknown	
Net rentable SF	31,190	
Number of units	330	
Year built	1990	
Physical occupancy	82%	
Economic occupancy	56%	
Lot size	2.05 acres	
Traffic counts	26,000 per day	
Population	71,273 in 5 mi.	
Median household income	\$48,216 in 5 mi.	
Effective gross income	\$154,271	
Expenses	\$68,052	
Net operating income	\$86,219	
Cap rate	8.21%	
Sale price	\$1,050,000	
Price per SF	\$33.66	









### **Portfolio**

Subject Property - Highlights	
Gross building SF	Unknown
Net rentable SF	390,154
Number of units	3,147
Year built	1973 / 2009
Physical occupancy	86%
Economic occupancy	81%
Lot size	4.85 acres
Traffic counts	Nashville MSA
Population	Nashville MSA
Median household income	Nashville MSA
Property Valuation	
Effective gross income	\$3,017,151
Expenses	\$1,019,347
Net operating income	\$1,997,804
Cap rate	5.95%
Sale price	\$33,600,000
Price per SF	\$86.12











# Conclusion



#### **National Outlook**

- Revenue growth: Has been considerable, with rent growth in focus given the all time highs in occupancy.
- Construction: Building remains well below pre-recession levels, but is gaining momentum with private equity switching focus from acquisition to development.
- Vacancy rates: Limited supply growth and increasing demand continue to push down rates.
- Transactions: Velocity continues to increase, with competition for deals strengthening.
- Expense control: Will continue to provide meaningful benefits.
- **Inflation:** Minimal inflationary expectations should keep interest-rate increases at bay.
- Interest rates: Minimal upward pressure for the foreseeable future.



#### Conclusion

#### **Sellers**

We're currently in a seller's market, but without maximizing the value of your facility and developing a comprehensive marketing plan, you're leaving money on the table.

#### **Buyers**

Just because we're in a seller's market doesn't mean diamonds in the rough aren't available. By completing proper due diligence, you can still find properties with upside potential.



#### **Contact the Presenter**



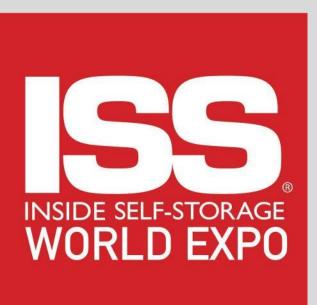
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# Thank You!



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